PREFERENCE OF SURGEON IN RELATIONSHIP PREOPERATIVE METHOD FOR MEASURE O VOLUME OF BAG HERNIARY IN VENTRAL HERNIAS SURGERY COMPLEX

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GOALS
1 – To elucidate the preference for using the methods of Carbonell and Tanaka in the surgical correction of incisional hernias
2 – Understand the rationale and limitation in the use of these methods in incisional hernia repair procedures

METHODS
With the foundation of understanding the use of methods in hernia repairs incision, we segmented aspects in an epidemiological survey regarding the use of Carbonell and Tanaka procedures. The epidemiological survey in question was accomplished through a digital platform, owning as public main, doctors surgeons and doctors residents in surgery general from the region northeast of Brazil, highlighting the states of Rio Grande do Norte and Ceará. In simple analogy, the Tanaka method takes into consideration, the volume ratio of the hernial sac in relation to the volume of the abdominal cavity. For the method of Carbonell, the description refers to the closure direct of defect, what no it will be feasible if the maximum width of the defect approaches or exceeds twice the width of straight abdominal.

RESULTS
In a study, the results raised, with a total number of 30 questionnaires, demonstrated that: 66.7% do not use any method in question; 13.3% prefer the Tanaka method and 20% prefer the Carbonell method. The stratified data in question are still being studied, and therefore, that quantification one sample number and partial.
CONCLUSION

Therefore, with fit in discussion, it is noticed what yet there is limited accession the both methods, fact corroborated at the lifting initial with the perspective epidemiology of this study. In view of this, such facts can still be explained for academic reasons in the current schools of surgery spread across the northeast, raising, in question, the theoretical basis regarding the knowledge of techniques in carbonell.

REFERENCES
